DZHANGIDZE, A.M.

Problem of the best location for city bridges [in Georgian with summary in Russian]. Trudy Inst. stroi. dela AN Gruz. SSR 4:135-148 '53. (MLRA 9:10)

(Bridges)

DIASANIDZE, L.N.; DZHANGIDZE, A.H.

Causes of damage to concrete and brick sewage conduits and countermeasures [in Georgian with summary in Russian]. Trudy Inst. stroi. dela AN Gruz. SSR 5:193-212 '55. (HLRA 9:8) (Sewer pipe)

DZHANGIDZE, A.M.

Efficient design of reinforced concrete girder bridges for laying the pipelines of the municipal services. Trudy Inst.stroi.dela AN Gruz.SSR 5:213-215 '55. (MLRA 9:8) (Bridges, Concrete)

L 37919-66 EWT(1) SCTB DD

ACC NR: AP6024550 SOURCE CODE: UR/0251/66/042/003/0749/0756

AUTHOR: Dzhanelidze, Ts. Sh.

ORG: Institute of Experimental Clinical Surgery and Hematology, Tbilisi (Institut eksperimental'noy klinicheskoy khirurgii i gematologii)

TITLE: Changes in spontaneous activity of different areas of the brain and in some functions of the organism during artificial hypothermia

SOURCE: AN GruzSSR. Soobshcheniya, v. 42, no. 3, 1966, 749-756

TOPIC TAGS: animal physiology, brain, bioelectric activity, hypothermia, EEG, cerebral cortex, cardiovascular activity

ABSTRACT: Changes in vital functions of the organism during hypothermia and subsequent recovery were compared with changes in the bioelectrical activity of some parts of the CNS. Chronic and acute experiments were conducted on 26 cats of both sexes, weighing 2—4 kg. Animals anesthetized with Nembutal (35 mg/kg) were placed in a stereotactic apparatus and electrodes were implanted in subcortical areas of the mesencephalon (in the posterolateral ventral nucleus, the lateral geniculate body, the reticular formation, and the associative, sensorimotor, and optic areas of the cortex). In acute experiments cortical potentials were taken directly from the cerebral cortex. Bioelectric Cord 1/3

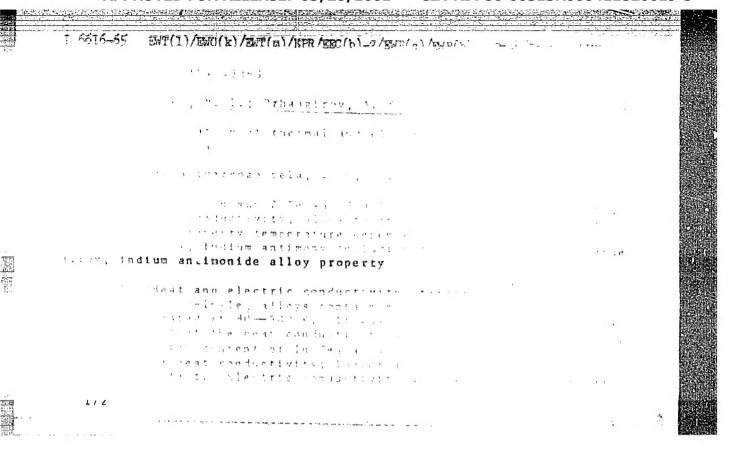
L 37919-66 AP6024550 0 ACC NRI potentials were recorded on a 4-channel encephalograph or a 16-channel "Al'var" encephalograph. Premoistened animals were cooled to a rectal temperature of 200 by packing in ice bags, and then dried and warmed with electric heaters to a temperature of 33-34C. Some experimental results are shown in Table 1. Experimental results also showed Table 1. Some comparative data for animals surviving hypothermia and dying after hypothermia Nonsurviving animals Surviving animals Average time of 125 117 cooling, min Average time of 59 116 warming, min Difference between rectal temperature and temperature of subcutaneous tissue . (1-2C initially) at the end of the 4.5C 10 warming period surviving manimals to have a consistently pulse higher and smooth rate throughout the experiment, and a

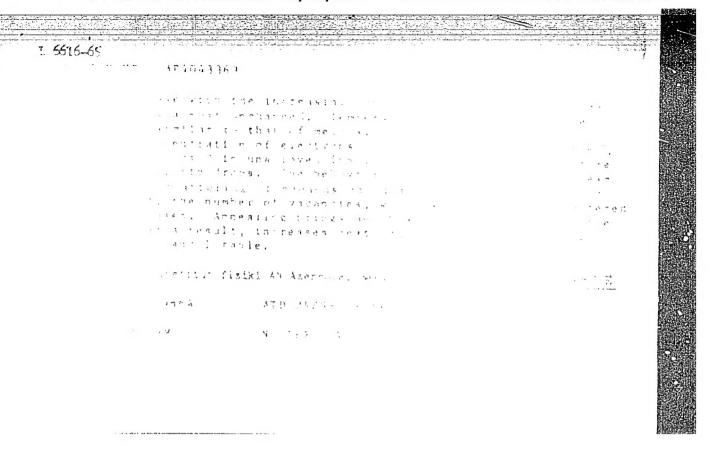
ACC NR AP6024550 gradual recovery of respiratory activity (animals which later died gradual recovery or respiratory activity (animals which later died recovered breathing slowly and incompletely). Study of brain bioelecrecovered breathing slowly and incompletely. Study of brain blocker tricity in the indicated cortical and Subcortical zones during hypothermia and rewarming demonstrated earlier inhibition of the cortex as compared with subcortical structures of the optic thalamus. Depression of spontaneous bioelectric activity was observed at rectal temperatures from 24-18C and at temperatures of the dura mater from peratures from 24-18C and at temperatures of the dura mater from 27-22C, as was depression of respiration and cardiac activity at these temperature levels. These data indicate the great individuality of the resistance of animals to cold. Restoration of bioelectric activity during revarming was observed first in those brain areas which ceased functioning last, initially in the geniculate body, the posterolateral ventral nucleus and the reticular formation of the mesencephalon, and then in the sensorimotor (at 20—21C) and primary optic zones of the cortex (20C). The associative zone of the cortex began to generate cortex (200). The associative zone of the cortex began to generate biopotentials last of all, at 26-29C. Deviations from this pattern anomal nonsurviving animals were observed during warming above 27C; a among nonsurviving animals were observed during warming above 27C: at 28—30C generalized spasmodic activity was noted in EEG's, accompanied by the progressive decrease in blood pressure which immediately preceded death. It was concluded that the anesthetized animal organism can only withstand cooling to 20—18C if there is adherence to the optimum revarming regime. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 150ct65/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: ATD PRESS: 5045 Card 3/3/11/2 [JS]

ALIYEV, M.I.; DZHANGIROV, A.Yu.

Thermal conductivity of InSb - In₂Te₃ alloys. Fiz. tver. tela 5 no.11:3338-3341 N '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Institut fiziki AN AzSSR, Baku.





L 4569-66 ENT(1)/ENT(m)/ENP(w)/ETC/ENG(m)/T/ENP(t)/ENP(b) IJP(c) RDW/JD ACCESSION NR: AP5020178, UR/0233/65/000/002/0048/0054	
AUTHORS: Aliyev, M. I.; Dzhangirov, A. Yu. 44, 45	
TITLE: Heat and electricity transport in InSb-In2Te3 alloys	
SOURCE: AN AzerbSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-tekhnicheskikh i natematicheskikh nauk, no. 2, 1965, 48-54	
COPIC TAGS: indium alloy, telluride, antimonide, thermal conduction, electric conductivity, Hall effect, thermoelectric power, Nernst ffect	
BSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to determine the hermal and electric properties of the InSb-In Te, system as a func-	
rion of the temperature and of the annealing, especially since there are no published data on the thermal conductivity or thermoelectric ower of this compound. The dependence on the composition was also nvestigated. Samples containing up to 5 per cent (molar) In Te, were	
ynthesized from pure ingredients in evacuated quartz ampoules (10-3	
ard 1/3	

L 4569-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5020178

mm Hg). The samples for the thermal conductivity studies were cylindrical (6 -- 8 mm diameter, 10 mm high) and those for the electric measurements were in the form of a rectangular paralellepiped 2 x 3 x 10 mm. The thermal conductivity was measured from 100 to 500K by an absolute stationary method similar to that used by Ye. D. Devyatkova and I. A. Smirnov (ZhTF v. 27, 9, 1957). The electric conductivity, the Hall effect, the thermoelectric power, and the Nernst-Ettingshausen thermomagnetic effects were measured in a special metallic holder with cryostat, making it possible to carry out measurements in a broad temperature interval. The resilts are interpreted from the point of view of the scattering of the phonons by the point defects (vacancies) produced by the addition of the In₂Te. The decrease in thermal conductivity with increasing In₂Te₅ content is due to the increased scattering of the phonons by the vacancies. The temperature dependence of the electric properties is due to the increased degeneracy of the electric properties is due to the increased degeneracy of the electron gas following the addition of the In₂Te₃. The results were compared with those obtained for a pure

Card 2/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411820019-5

L 4569-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5020178

Insb with electron density 10^{16} cm⁻³. The addition of In₂Te₃ increased the electron density to $\sim 10^{19}$ cm⁻³. The carrier mobility was found to depend on the annealing time up to 50 hours. Beyond 50 hours, the mobility remained constant. The Hall coefficient is practically independent of the annealing time. Orig. art. hast 6 figures and 5 formulas

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: SS

NR REF SOV: 010

OTHER: 014

Card 3/3 AP

DZHANGIROV, M.Sh.

Vascularization of the median nerve. Azerb. med. zhur. no. 4:35-41 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz kafedry normal'noy anatomii (zav. - zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki, prof. K.A. Balakishiyev) Azerbaydzhanskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N. Narimanova.

(MEDIAN NERVE—BLOOD SUPPLY)

DZHANGIROV, S.S.

Drilling in when using serated fluid with an admixture of surface-active substances. Nefteprom. delo no.2:8-14 *63 (MIRA 17:7)

1. GPK neftyznogo upravleniya b. Krasnodarskogo soveta narodnogo khozyaystvs.

YATROV, S.N.; REZNICHENKO, I.N.; DZHANGIROV, S.S.

Controlling the solid-phase content in drilling muds using an ejector-hydrocyclonic device. Burenie no.2:5-8 '64. (MIRA 18:5)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekhniko-ekonomicheskikh issledovaniy po neftyancy, neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti i GRK "Krasnodarneft!".

DZHANGIROV, S.S.; NOR, A.M.

Cementing production strings under conditions of low reservoir pressures. Burenie no.5:28-31 44. (MIRA 18:5)

l. Ob"yedineniye "Krasnodarneftegaz" i Krasnodarskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo neftegazovogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta.

REZNICHENKO, I.N.; IZHANCIROV, S.S.; BEKUKH, 1.I.

Using equare drill collars to prevent well deviation. Burenie no.926.9 *64. (MIRA 18:5)

l. Krasnodarskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo neftegazovogo nauchnoissledovatal skogo instituta i geologo-poiskovaya kontora ob#yedineniya "Krasnodarneftegaz".

USSR / Flent Physiology. Lineral Nutrition.

1-2

Abs Jour

: Rof Zhur - Biol., No 22, 1958, No 99939

Author

! /butclybov, I. G., and Dzhangirove, Sh.

Inst

: Azorbaydzhan University

Titlo

: The Translocation of Calcium in Flants.

Oric Fub

: Zorb. Univ., Uch. Zop. Zoorb. Un-t, No 1, 107-123, 1957

Abstract

: The Digretion of Ce45 was investigated in the almond, quince, siron and cotton, 5 days after the placement of cotton wool socked in Ga 45Cl on the bared cortex of these plants. Ringing served to establish that Ca migrated preferentially through the cortex and to a smaller extent through the mylom, and that it was able to migrate from the cortex to the mylen. The migration proceeded besically in an upword direction as a consequence of the acropatal gradient

of the Co concentration. During the period of the unfolding

Cord 1/2

12

USSR / Plent Physiology. Binorel Nutrition.

I-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 22, 1958, No 99959

of flowers and loaves and during the estivation period the rigration of Ga was observed to proceed in the downward direction, especially in the alread and siron. --- B. Ye. Kravtsova.

Cord 2/2

ABUTALYBOV, M.G.; DZHANGIROVA, Sh.G.

Calcium translocation in the plant organism. Fiziol. rast. 7 no. 5:558-563 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

l. Azerbaijan Scientific-Research Agricultural Institute, Baku.

(Plants, Motion of fluids in) (Calcium)

DZHANGIROV, S.S.; REZNICHENKO, I.N.

Drilling and completing small diameter wells. Neftianik 5 no.9:4-6 S '60. (MldA 13:9)

1. Glavnyy inzhener Geologópoiskovoy kontory upravleniya Krasnodarneft' (for Dzhangirov). 2. Nachal'nik proizvodstvenno-tekhnicheskogo otdela Geologopoiskovoy kontory upravleniya Krasnodarneft' (for Reznichenko).

(Oil well drilling)

DZHANGIROVA, Sh.G.

Distribution of phosphorus and calcium in the plant [in Azerbaijani with summary in Russian]. Uch. zap. AGU no.3:83-89 157. (Phosphorus) (Calcium) (Minerals in plants) (MIRA 11:1)

Discount dien: "Enverbit." no receive mulities of Lancount with South and the section of the receiver of the section of the receiver of the section of the s

Country : USSR Category : Farm Animals. Q Cattle. : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 21, 1958, 96875 Abs. Jour Author Dzhangiryan, Ye. A. Yerevan Zootechnical Veterinary Institute. Institut. Title : The Raising of Young Stock at the Yerevan Dairy Sovkhoz. : Tr. Yerevansk. zootekhn. vet. in-ta, 1957, vyp. 21, 125-133 Orig Pub. The calves of imported Schwyz cows displayed a larger live weight at birth (35.1 kg) and at the age of 6 months larger average daily weight gains and live weights (160 kg) as compared to calves of local hybrid cows (28.8 and 140.2 kg, Abstract correspondingly). Card: 1/1

DZHANGTRYAN, Ye. A., Cand of Agri Sci -- (diss) "Productive and Breeding Qualities of the Dairy Herd of the Akhtinskiy Sovkhoz in the Armenian SSR," Yerevan, 1959, 23 pp (Ministry of Agriculture, Armenian SSR Yerevan Zoological and Veterinary Institute) (KL, 7-60, 109)

)zHAN	CIR	'YA	NTS DA	1 :								
11(4) PRANE I BOOK ERPLOITATION 50V/2866 Abridant's sunk Kasakhakov 503. Institut mefti	the Petroleum Entritute, Essaim SCB. Acadeary and Jadeory Massimishoy SCB, 1959, 103 p. In Teaching the Company of the Compan	A. A. Ayrowyka (1889), 20.1, ************************************	COVILLE: This volume contains is studies on the petroleum geology of Western Examination. The following studies are of special interest:) supplication for water in the endinant Eats region to offeat an inadequate wither mipply the possibility of injecting heated water into oil-bearing formations; the sossibility of injecting heated water into oil-bearing formations; the sossibility of dislateria the dislocatio parametrizity and the tangent of the angle of dislateria formation the misser personally as without degrees of moletree and oil saturations the misser bear of the resturing of formations at the fabre oilfields, the adsorption of sodium humates on clays on the quality of clay surpraison also in personalities are all statements with quality of clay surpraisons. No personalities are substituted.	Absaling F.M. Modes of Occurrence of Palsagers Deposits at the Southern Eabs Opinit of Morthwestern and Messern Catymic Explaint Sales and Data Data District Pants. Certain hydrogeological Regularities in the Southern Eabs I Efficiences.	Enipsion, V.B. Assists Delta of the Eabs Siver and the Genesis of the Eabs 74	Rolpakov, V.B. Stee Problems of Exploration for Water in the Southern Part of the Eabs Magion Steel St	Arapatyan, M.A., W.S. Valitanor, and Ye.Ts. Mestritors. Studies of Elgh- frequency isseting of ULT-Descring Sormations	Ayrapetyan, M.A., and M.L. Minita. Some Results of Studying the E and to for Sands of Different Percelty at Various Degrees of Moisture and Oli 135 Saturation	Meabcheryshor, 9.V. Mineral Charges for Epdraulic Practuring of Fornations 133 24 The Table Olffells 22 The Table Olffells 22 The Table Olffells 24 The Table Olffells Advertisin of Sodius dumeis in Table Clays.	Eagundrys, E.L., and S.S. Schnarev. Effect of Electrolytes on the Quality of Clay Suspensions	Eggmanhers, L.G., and E.L., Shampe Studies of the Goser Palestric Deposits of the Aktynhomboye Priurallys by the Bitumen Luminescence Method Using Ultratiolsk Rays as an Excitation Source	

KOLPAKOV, V.B.; DZHANGIRYANTS, D.A.

Hydrogeological characteristics of the artesian basin in the southern zone of the Emba region. Trudy Inst.nefti AN Kazakh.SSR 3:61-73 '59. (MIRA 13:1) (Emba region-Water, Underground)

DZHANGIR'YANTS, D.A.

Some data on hydrothermal conditions of the upper Albian of the Emba region. Geol.nefti i gaza 5 no.9:60-62 S '61.

(MIRA 14:10)

1. Gur'yevskiy institut nefti AN Kazakhskoy SSR. (Emba region-Water, Underground)

BELOV, Ye.V.; DZHANGIR'YANTS, D.A.; TUL'BAYEVA, Z.N.

Results of studying the bitumen content and underground waters in Masozoic and Paleozoic sediments in the southern part of the Emba region. Trudy Inst. geol. i geofiz. AN Kazakh. SSR 1:82-90 '63.

(Emba region--Water, Underground) (Emba region--Bitumen--Geology)

VYSOCHANSKAYA, V.P.; DZHANGIR YANTS, D.A.; KOLPAKOV, V.B.

Hydrochemical indicators of the presence of oil in Upper Albian sediments of the Emba artesian basin. Trudy Inst. geol. i geofiz. AN Kazakh. SSR 1:99-103 '63. (MIRA 16:7)

(Geochemical prospecting)
(Emba region-Water, Underground)

DZHANGIR'YANTS, D.A.

Hydrogeological conditions in the Western Teren'uzyuk area. Trudy Inst. geol. i geofiz. AN Kazakh. SSR 1:104-108 '63.

(MIRA 16:7)

(Emba region--Water, Underground)

DZHANGIR'YANTS, D.A.

Mineral waters in the southern part of the Emba region. Trudy Inst. geol. i geofiz. AN Kazakh. SSR 1:109-115 '63. (MIRA 16:7)

(Emba region-Mineral waters)

DZHANGIR YANTS, D.A.

Geothermal characteristics of the Emba region. Geol. nefti i gaza 9 no.1:52-58 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:3)

l. Institut geologii i geofiziki Gosudarstvennogo geologicheskogo komiteta SSSR.

DZHANGIR YANTS, Zh.A.

Hydrogeological studies in the Emba region. Trudy Inst. nefti AN Kazakh. SSR 4:112-116 161. (Emba region--Oil field brines)

NESIS, A.I.; VINARIK, E.M.; DVOYRIN, V.L.; DZHANGOZINA, D.M.;
KLYATSKINA, I.Ye.; FADEYEVA, Ye.I.; SHNAYDMAN, I.M.; IVAKINA, T.P.

Regression of experimental sillossis under the influence of hydrocortisone. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR Ser. med. nauk 11 no.3: 44-49 '64 (MIRA 18:1)

DZHANOMRAZOV, FATA.

USSR/General Division - History. Classics. Personalities.

A-2

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 1, 1957, 40.

Author

F.Kh. Dzhangurazov and S.Kh. Chevrenidy.

Inst

Title

: The Scientific and Pedagogical Activity of V.P. Drobov

(on His 70th Birthday).

Orig Pub

: Izv. AN Uz SSR, 1956, No 1, 109-112.

Abst

: The 50th anniversary of the scientific, pedagogic, and public activity of Prof. Vasiliy Petrovich Drobar (born in 1885), a great authority on plant life of the forests and sandy deserts of Central Asia, and one of the oldest Soviet botanists. He was the first to describe in detail the plant life of the Leno-Aldanskiy watershed; he studied the fertility of the sands in the Pribalkhash Area, and the flora of Yakutsk ASSR, of the Zeravshanskiy and Kirgizskiy Mountain chains and so forth. He studied the composition, distribution, and reserves of tanning

Card 1/2

USSR/General Division - History. Classics. Personalities.

A-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 1, 1957, 40.

sources in Southern Kurgiziya and Western Gissara. On his initiative, snakeweed-a valuable plant and tanning agent of Central Asia- was planted in these areas. To Drobov also goes the credit for the work on this systemization of plants of higher species: he described 82 new species. Drobov is the author of 90 works, among them "Sketch of Plant Life in the Western Part of Fergansk Vlley" (1925), "Forests of Uzbekistan" (1950), "Plant Life in the Sandy Desert of Uzbekistan" (1950), and others. He took an active part also in the formation of scientific-research laboratories and institutes.

Card 2/2

DZHANGURAZOV F.KH.: CHEVRENIDI, S.En. DZHANGURAZOV Professer Vasilii Petrevich Drebev; en his 70th birthday. Bet.zhur. 41 ne.4:597-602 Ap 156. (HIRA 9:9) 1. Tashkentskiy sel'skekhezyaystvennyy institut i Institut betaniki AN UZSSR. (Drebev, Vasilii Petrevich, 1955-)

DZHANGURAZOV, F.Kh.

Professor Vladimir Hikhailevich Savich; on his 70th birthday. Bot.zhur.41 no.4:602-607 Ap 56. (MLRA 9:9)

1.Tashkentskiy sel'skokhezyaystvennyy institut. (Savich, Vladimir Hikhailevich, 1885-)

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Subtropical. Tropical.

M-8

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No 5, 1958. 20531

Author : F. Kh. Dzhangurazov

Inst : Not given.

Title : Subtropical Fruit Trees in the Tupolang River Basin (Western

Gissar).

(Subtropicheskiye plodovyye basseyna r. Tupolang (Zapadnyy

Gissar).

Orig Pub: Otd. yesterestv. nauk. AN TadzhSSR, 1957, No 18, 89-101.

Abstract: One hundred two species of trees and bushes are found in the

Tupolang River Basin. Twenty six types of arboreous and shrub vegetation have been classified. The subtropical fruits are represented by the persimmon, fig, pomegranate and jujube trees. They are distributed at heights of from 900-2000 meters above sea level. The persimmon, Diospyros

Card : 1/3

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Subtropical. Tropical.

M-8

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No 5, 1958, 20531.

lotus, forms neat small plantations in shady ravines on plots having close ground water. In the drier of these ravines male specimens predominate, in moister ones the female is more prevalent. It is resistant to windfall and frost. The trees reach 7-12 meters in height and 16 to 52 cm in trunk diameter. Renewal proceeds through root shoots, and more rarely by seed. The fig, Ficus carica L., is encountered on slopes having southern exposure as bushes with broad branching crowns and as single trees. They are drought resistant and frost hardy. The pomegranate, Punica granatum L., is poorly distributed and met with as single bushes with a height of about 3.5 meters and a base diameter of approximately 150 cm. The jujube, Zizyphus sativus Gaerth is encountered as bushy thickets and patches. Quite seldom one may find trees 8-12 meters in height

Card : 2/3

DZHANGURAZOV F.Kh.

Muts of the Tupolang River basin and adjacent districts on the southern slope of the Gissar Range. Izv. Otd. est. nauk AN Tadzh. SSR no.21:109-119 *57. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Tashkentskiy sel skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Tajikistan---Ruts)

DZHANGURAZOV, F.KH.

New data on the geography of Bergenia crassifolia(Bergenia hissarica A. Bor.) in the basin of the Tupolang River(western Gissar). Dokl. AN Tadzh. SSR no. 22:27-28 '57. (MIRA 11:7)

1. Tashkentskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut. (Giasar Range-Bergenia)

DZHANGURAZOV, F. KH.

VASIL'CHENKO, I.T.; DZHANGURAZOV, F.Kh.

The puzzle of Biota. Bot. shur. 42 no.1:88-91 Ja '57. (MLRA 10:2)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L.Komarova Akademii nauk SSSR, Leningrad. (Thuja)

VASIL'CHENKO, I.T.; DZHANGU AZOV, P. C.

Protection of nature in the western part of the Gissar Tange. Other. prir. i zapov. delo v S33. nr.5:67-54 '60. (MLA 14:2)

1. Botanicheskiy institut in.V.L. Momarova AH SSSI, i Tashkentskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut. (Gissar Aange--Freit trees)

VASIL'CHERKO, I.T., DZHANGU.AZOV, F.K.

Protection of ancient tomb groves ("mizzeo") in Co toml Acis.
Othr. prir. i zapov. John v John n. 5:65-65 '60. (CLA 1/32)

1. Botanicheskiy institut in. V.L.Komarova Ali SSSR i Taslitentskii; sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Uzbekistan--Matural momiaruta)

DZhANIAShVILI, G. G., Cand. Med. Sci.,— (diss) "Intratracheal pencillin therapy of lung abscesses (clinical observation)," Tbilisi, 1961, 23 pp (Tbilisi State Medical Institute), 250 copiesm (KL-Supp 9-61, 189)

NIZHARADZE, A.I.; CHILASHVILI, Sh.Ye.; DZHANIASHVILI, G.G.

Dry dust removal during pipe finishing. Metallurg 7 no.9: 32-33 S '62. (MIRA 15:9)

DZHANIASHVILI, M.G., kand.khim.nauk

Tin arsenite. Veterinariia 36 no.1:68-70 Ja '59.

(MIRA 12:1)

1. Gruzinskiy zootekhnichesko-veterinarnyy institut.

(Tin arsenite)

DZHANIASHVILI M.G.

Physicochemical properties of tin arsenite. Zhur.neorg.khim. 7 no.12:2818-2819 D *62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Gruzinskiy zootekhnichesko-veterinarnyy uchebno-issledova-tel'skiy institut.

(Tin arsenite)

DZHANIBEKOV, A.F.

Geology, and oil and gas potentials of the Michayuskiy swell of the Pechora depression. Geol. nefti i gaze 6 no.2:13-17 F '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Ukhtinskoye territorial noye geologicheskoye upravleniye.
(Pechora Valley--Petroleum geology)
(Pechora Valley--Gas, Natural--Geology)

TURCHIN, Nikolay Yakovlevich; TARASOV, N.Ya., red.; DZHANIBEKOV, G.G., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Construction of hydraulic-engineering structures at thermal power plants] Sooruzhenie gidrotekhnicheskikh obmektov teplovykh elektrostantsii. Pod red. N.IA.Tarasova. Moskva, Gos.energ. izd-vo. 1960. 275 p. (MIRA 13:9) (Steam power plants) (Hydraulic engineering)

DZHANIBEKOV. S., student

Synthesis of lead compounds in the laboratory. Khim.v shkole 15 no.1:73 Ja-F '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Khimicheskiy fakul'tet Azerbaydzhanskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni S.M.Korova.

(Lead oxide) (Lead salts) (Chemistry--Experiments)

OGANESYAN, S.S.: DZHANTBEKOVA, V.G.

Amperometric determination of nonprotein thiol compounds in muscle by means of mercury. Dokl.AN Arm. SSR 27 no.4:227-233 158.

(MIRA 12:1)

1. Institut fiziologii AN Armyanskoy SSR. Predstavleno G.Kh. Bunyatyanom.

(Muscle) (Mercapto compounds)

NAZIROV, N.N.; ZAPRUDER, Ye.G.; DZHANIKULOV, F.; MAVLYANKHODZHAYEVA, S.; KHAKIMOVA, M.

Biochemistry of the wilt resistance of cotton. Uzb. biol. zhur. no.5:45-56 161. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut genetiki i fiziologii rasteniy AN UzSSR.

DZHANIKULOV, F.

Production of mutents induced by radicactive phosphorus in the cotton Gossypium punctatum. Vop. biol. 1 kraev. med. no.4:42-44 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

NAZIROV, N.N.; DZHANIKULOV, F.

Effect of radiophosphorus on the cultivation of cotton mutants. Radiobiologiia 5 no.1:108-111 '65.

(MIRA 18:3)

1. Institut genetiki i fiziologii rasteniy, Tashkent.

DZ HANISHIYEV, I.A.

SYROMYATNIKOV, I.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk (Moscow); DZHANISHIYEV, I.A., inzhener; Kalinin, Ye.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk (Leningrad).

Remarks on E.V. Kalinin's article "Protection of the inter-winding insulation of primary transformer windings against overvoltage." Elektrichestvo no.6:66-68 Je '53. (MLRA 6:7)

1. Zavod "Elektroapparat" (for Dshanshiyev).
(Electric transformers) (Kalinin, E.V.)

IAMEV, El.; SIMROV, Iv.; DZHANKOV, Iv.

Complement fixation reaction in the diagnosis of leptospiroses. Izv Vet inst zaraz parazit 7 111-121 '63.

VASIL'KOV, G.V.; SPIROV, G.A.; DZHANOV, A.; SENNIKOV, M.I.; SELYUCHENKO, A.; DEKANOV, I.; RAKHMATULLIN, M.G.; EYSMONT, V.V.; KOSOVER, S.I.; TSUVERKALOV, D.A.; LESHKOV, B.G.

Information and brief news. Veterinariia 38 no.9:90-96 S '61. (MIRA 16:8)

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Physiology of Work and Sport.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 22, 1958, 102329.

Author : Dzhanoyan, A. A. Inst : Yerevan Zootechnical-Veterinary Institute.

: The Method of Measurement and Some Indexes of the Title Influence of Physical Exercises on the Development

of Respiratory Muscles.

Orig Pub: Tr. Yerevansk. zootekhn.-vet. in-ta, 1957, vyp. 21,

49-54.

Abstract: The degree of development of the strength of expiratory musculature (SEM) was determined by the aneroid tonometer, additionally equipped with a stop-needle and a nozzle, and the vital capacity of the lungs (VCL) by the usual method of spirometry. It was discovered that the force of the

Card 1/2

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USSR / Human and Animal Physiology: Physiology of Work T and Sport.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 22, 1958, 102329.

Abstract: Respiratory musculature and the volume of the lungs (VL) do not show parallel development. When one was occupied with bymnastics, mostly SEM developed, but VCL developed when one was occupied with light athletics. Skiing developed SEM and VCL almost equally.

Card 2/2

DZITHYY'E, Ye. N.

Debenoyan, Ye. N. "Modes of Coshim to disease," So mil neuch. Cadev Klimiki verv. Folesmay (Forevenck. cs. s. in-1). I-II, 1/48 p. 421-24 -- N An mian -- Susmary in Russian

SO: U-3 . 6, 15 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 13, 1949)

DZ ANOYAN, Ye. N.

Dzhanoyan, Te. W. WA case of myopathia, Stornik mauch. trudov Kliniki m.rv. olezney (Terevansk. gos. med. in-t), I-II, 1948, p. 471-74 -- In Armenian -- Summary in Russian

So: U-3566, 15 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'mykh Statey, No. 13, 1949)

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DZHANOYEV. L.L., inzh.

New machine used for treating residue from cocoons in silk reeling.
Tekst. prom. 18 no. 7:16-17 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:7)
(Silk)
(Textile machinery)

KVIRIKADZE, T.G.; DZHANPALADOV, S.I.

Welding of thin sheet structures in carbon dioxide. Avtom. svar. 17 no.2:75-76 F '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Tbilisskiy proyektno-tekhnologicheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mashinostroyeniya i elektrotekhniki (for Kvirikadze).
2. Tbilisskiy mashinostroitel nyy zavod im. Ordzhonikidze (for Dzhanpaladov).

DZHAMPEISOV, R.

DZHANPEISOV, R. "Chernozems of Central Kazakhstan." Acad Sci Kazakh SSR.

Inst. of Soil Science. Alma-Ata, 1956. (For the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Science)

So: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 18, 1956

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USSR / Soil Science. Soil Genesis and Geography.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 6032.

Author

: Dzhanpeisov, R. : Institute of Soil Science, AS Kazakh SSR.

Inst Title : Soils of the Grain Sovkhozes of Nurinskiy Rayon

in Karagadinskaya Oblast'.

Crig Pub: Tr. In-ta pochvoved. AN KazSSR, 1957, 7, 20-29.

Abstract: In the described territory of Karagadinskaya

Oblast' dark-chestnut, light-argillaceous, and light-chestnut soils are prevalent. For the improvement of physical-water properties it is recommended to combine deep plowing with a colter when fallow soils are treated by the T. S. Mal'tsev method by means of fallowing, snow retarding strips, snow plows and other implements.

Card 1/2

USSR / Soil Science. Soil Genesis and Geography.

J

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 6032.

Abstract: The surface treatment of these soils can only be carried out in conjunction with the poriodic loosoning of the condensed carbonate horizon. Videspread use of organic and groon fortilizers is recommended for those soils.

Card 2/2

6

DZHANPEISOV, R.; SOKOLOV, A.A.; FAIZOV, K.Sh.; HEZSONOV, A.I., glavnyy red.; USPANOV, U.U., zam.glavnogo red.; BOROVSKIY, V.M., red.; SOKOLOV, S.I., red.; STOROZHZNKO, D.M., red.; BARLYBAYEVA, K.Kh., red.; IVANOVA, E.I., red.; PROKHOROV, V.P., tekhn.red.

[Soils of the Kazakh S.S.R. in 16 volumes] Pochvy Kazakhskoi SSR v 16 vypuskakh. Alma-Ata. Vol.3. [Soils of Pavlodar Province] Pochvy Pavlodarskoi oblasti. 1960. 264 p.

l. Akademiya nauk Kazakhakoy SSR, Alma-Ata. Institut pochvo-vedeniya.

(Pavlodar Province--Soils)

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Classification of Chestnut soils of the Irtysh Valley. Izv.AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. bot.i pochv. no.2:36-45 *50. (MIRA 13:8) (Pavlodar Province--Soils--Classification)

SOKOLOV, A.A.; DZHANPEISOV, R.; KOTIN, N.I.

Subacrial meadow-stoppe Solonetz complexes in the middle Irtysh Vally. Pochvovedenie no.7:32-42 60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya Akademii nauk KazSSR.

(Pavlodar Province—Solonetz soils)

(Semipalatinsk Province—Solonetz soils)

DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.; KHARADZE, Ye.K.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars in Abastumani in the last quarter of 1960. Astron.tsir. no.219:35-36 Mr '61. (MIRA 14:10)

l. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations)

DZHANPOLADOVA, V. P.

Dzhanpoladova, V. P. "On the nature of immunity to tualremia," Sbornik nauch. trudov (Rost. n/D gos. med. in-t), Vol. VIII, 1948, p. 33-42.

SO: U-2888, Letopis' Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 1, 1949.

DZHAUPOLADOVA, V. P.		PA 192T69	
192769	192769 USSR/Medicine - Infectious Diseases Jul/Aug 51 (Contd) in an acute stage and less so when alleviation occurs. No return to normal hemogram is observed, i. e., there is no spontaneous recovery.	USSR/Medicine - Infectious Diseases Jul/Aug 51 "Hemogram of Rabbits Experimentally Infected With Tularemia," V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia, "V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia," V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia, "V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia," V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia," V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia," V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia, "V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia," V. P. Dzhanpoladova, Chair of With Tularemia, "V. P. Dzhanpoladova, "V. P. Dzhanpoladova, "V. P. Dzhanpo	

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DZHANFOLADOVA, V. P.

Jun 53

USSR/Medicine - Tularemia

"The Effect of Tissue Therapy on Tularemia Buboes of Rabbits," V. F. Dzhanpoladova,

Rostov-on-Don Med Inst

Zhur Mikro, Epid, i Immun, No 6, p 63

Rabbits 2 yrs - 2 yrs 7 mos old which had tularemia buboes were treated by implantation of ram and hog spleen tissue ace to V. P. Filatov. The treatment was effective in producing total or partial disappearance of the buboes. A rapid but brief increase of leukocytosis and a reduction of the titer of agglutinins were observed after the implantation. Control rabbits with buboes did not show any of these effects.

267728

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. (Normal and Pathological).

Metabolism. Metabolism of Lipids.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 17, 1958, 79310.

Author : Dzhanpoladova, V.P.

Inst

Title : Influence of Emotional Disturbance on the Level of

Acetone Bodies in the Blood.

Orig Pub: Tr. Otchetn. nauchn. konferentsii (Rostovsk.-n./D.

med. in-t) za 1956 g. Rostov-na-Donu, 1957, 285-286.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card : 1/1

10

USSR / General Problems of Pathology. Allergy.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 11, 1958, 51542.

Author : Dzhanpoladova, V. P.
Inst : Rostov-on-Don Medical Institute.

: Acquisition of Immunity in Rabbits in Experimen-Title

tal Tularomia.

Orig Pub: Tr. otchetn. nauchn., Konferentsii (Rostovsk.n/D

med. in-t) za 1956 g, Rostov-na-Donu, 1957,

571-572.

Abstract: No abstract.

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MARTIROSYAH, V.V., DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P.

Acetone bodies in the blood and cerebrospinal fluid in various diseases of the central nervous system. Vrach.delo uc.5:499-501 ty 159 (MIRA 11:7)

i. Klitika nervnykh bolezney i neyrokhirurgii (zav. prof. V.A.
Wikoliskiy) i klinika propedevtiki vnutreunykh bolezney
'/av. = prof. B.N. Mikhaylov) Rostovskogo meditsisukogo instituta.

(KETONES)

(BLOOD == ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY)

(CEREBROSPINAL FLUID == ANALYSIS)

DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P.

Some results of the microscopic detection of Pasteurella tularensis in organs and tissues in guinea pigs. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i imun. 30 no.1:50 Ja 158. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Iz kafedry mikrobiologii Rostovskogo-na-Donu meditsinskogo instituta.

(PASTEURELLA TULARENSIS, microscopic detection in guinea pig organs (Rus))

DZHANPOLADOVA, V. P., Doc Med Sci (diss) -- "The problem of experimental tularemia". Rostov na Donu, 1959. 18 pp (Voronezh State Med Inst), 200 copies (KL, No 24, 1959, 147)

DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P., assistent (Rostov-na-Donu)

Late results of the influence of treatment of thyrotexicosis patients with radicactive iodine on the amount of acctone bodies in the blood.

Kaz. med. zhur. no.6184-85 N-D '60. (MIRA 13:12)

(THYROID GLAND—DISEASES) (IODINE—ISOTOPES)

(BLOOD)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

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C DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P.; KULIKOVA, M.L.

"Acetone bodies" in the blood of patients with malignant tumors during the action of ionizing radiations. Med.rad. 5 no.6:66-67 (MIRA 13:12)

(ACETONE BODIES) (CANCER)

DZHANPOLADOVA, V. P., Doc Med Sci -- "Clinical, experimental Contain production" study-of a few characteristics of pathogenesis and immunity in tularemia." Len, 1961. (Min of Health RSFSR. Rostov-n/D State Med Inst. Chair of Microbiology. Len San-Hyg Med Inst) (KL, 8-61, 257)

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KASHAYEVA, A.A.; LIBINZON, A.Ye.; KIRITSEVA, A.D.; DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P.; VASINA, Ye.A.

Significance of the peculiarities of Hemophilus pertussis strains in the appearance of nonspecific sensitization. Zhur.mikrobiol. epid. i immun. 32 no.4:38-42 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz Rostovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta. (WHOOPING COUGH)

DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P.; SEMENOVA, A.P.

Diffusion precipation in gel of antigens of tularemic bacteria; report No. 1. Zhur.mikrobiol., epid.i immun. 33 no.4:27-30 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:10)

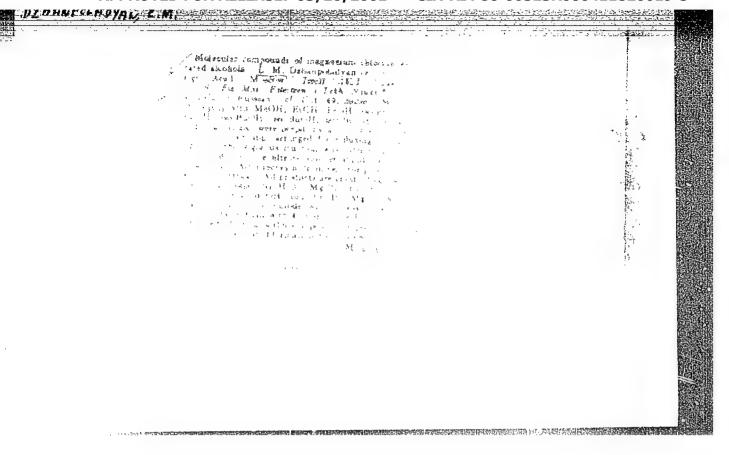
1. Iz Rostovskogo meditsinskogo instituta i oblastnoy sanitarnoepidemiologicheskoy stantsii. (PASTEURELLA TULARENSIS)(ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES—ANALYSIS)

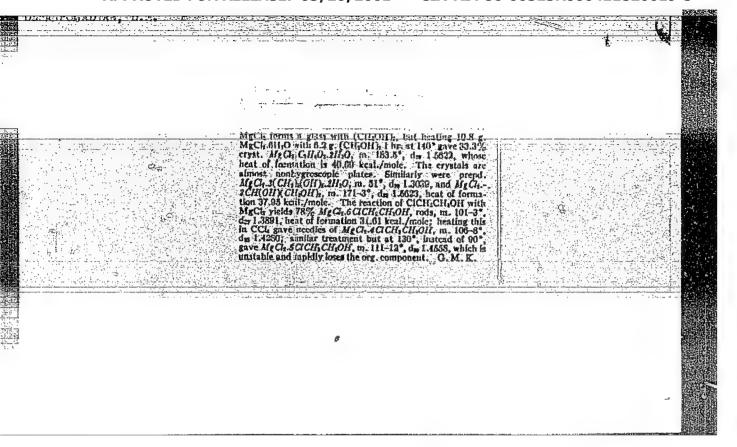
DZHANPOLADOVA, V.P.; SUKIASYAN, M.L.

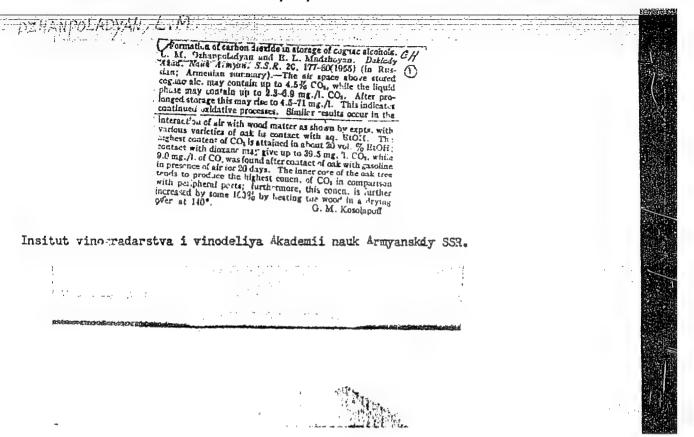
Immunobiological changes in persons inoculated with live tularemia vaccine. Sbor, nauch. trud. Rost. gos. med. inst. no.22:100-101 '63.

(MIRA 18:7)

1. Iz kafedry mikrobiologii Rostovakogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav. - prof. A.A.Kashayeva) i Leninakanskogo protivochumnogo otdeleniya.







DZHANPOLADYAN, L.M.; MNDZHOYAN, Ye.L.

On the composition of wood of Armenian cake as raw metarial for the cognac industry. Izv.AN Arm.SSR. Biol. i sel'khoz. nauki 9 no.9: 95-102 S '56. (HIRA 9:11)

1. Institut vinogradarstva i vinodeliya Akademii nauk Armyanskoy SSR.

(ARMENIA—OAK) (WOOD—CHEMISTRY) (BRANDY)

ARAMYAN, N.G.: DZHANPOLADYAN, L.M., red.: AZOYAN, G.T., tekhn. red.

[Bibliography of Soviet literature on the technology of wine, 1948-1956] Bibliografiche-kii ukazatel otechestvennoi literatury po tekhnologii vina 1948-1956. Erevan, Izd-vo Glav. upr. sel'khoz. nauki MSKh Arm. SSR, 1957. 223 p. (MIRA 11:12) (Bibliography--Wine and wine making)

DZHANPOLADYAN, L.M.; PETROSYAN, TS.L.

Oxidation reactions occurring during the maturation of brandies. Biokhim. vin. no.5:46-53 '57. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Institut vinodeliya i vinogradarstva AM Armyanskoy SSR, (Brandy) (Oxidation)

COUNTRY : USSin CATEGORY : Cultivated Plants. Fruits. Bervies. 141 ARS. JOUR. : REMBiol., No. 23 1958, No. 104536 : Arutyunyan, A. S., Dzhanpolacyan, I. M. Samvelyon, A. M. 7) AUTHOR INST. : Institute of Viticulture, Wise Making mc Crebard * :) TITLE : Grate Vane Autrition and the quality of wane. ORIG. PUB. : Vests. s.-kh. nonki, 1957, Fo. 10, 87-38 : At the experiental buses of the institute of Viriositars ARSTRACT wine working and deposed but director in Democrat well Paradelet, and also under production conditions, experiments were entried out in 1954-1955 in the at.Ay of the entiat of different fertilizons on the quality of the made from vertation and to, Torkent, exponent and address. A definit, or matin was found back in the weares of area the semperals and that content in grapevine bearies. A) Khachatryan, A. L. * *) Cultivation CARD: 1/3

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: BZhBiol., No. 1953, No. 104836	
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inhered fortilizers must with mustare promoted at in- crease in the yield and quality of grapes. A improved the flavor and coloration of wine but at the same time it to promote production of usias. A in underste amounts, improves the quality of the wine; an excess of It impairs it. Wines containing a great deal of nitrogen compounds are not stable against cloudiness. If eleuti- ness lowers the quality of table sines, for brandy wines	
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	the flavor and coloration of time but at the same time it the promote production of boids. In in orderate amounts, improves the quality of the wine; an expect of it impairs it. Wines containing a great deal of nitrogen compounds are not stable abainst cloudiness. If cloudiness lowers the quality of table sines, for brandy wines

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COUNTRY		VSSR Pharmacology and Toxicology. Narcotics and Hypnotics
ABS. JOUR.	:	RZhBiol., No. 1 1959, No. 44447
AUTHOR INST. TITLE ORIG. PUB. PSTRACT	•	Demirchoglyan, G. G.; Dzhanpoladyan, L. M.; AS ArmSSR Contribution to the Study of the Effect of Small Doses of Cognac upon Certain Functions of the Organism Aykakan SSR Gitutyunneri Akademiai tegokagir. Biologiakan ev gyukhatntesakan gitutynner, In healthy tested persons cognac alcohol (CA) caused a drop in photosensitivity of the eye (PE) adapted to darkness and an increase in the rate of the cardiac rhythm. The disturbances in the cardiac activity were less prolonged as compared with changes of PE. The same doses of CA *Allakhverdyan, M. A. **Izv. AN ArmSSR. Biol. i skh. n., 1958, 11,
- CARD:		No 2, 93-98

COUNTRY CATEGORY VABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 1 1959, No. 44417 AUTHOR INST. PITLE DRIG. PUB. : ABSTRACT : did not stimulate cardiac activity in a cognac expert. Colorless CA brought about a greater drop in PE than vodka of the same strength. Increase of the dose of CA (from 5-10 ml) incontid. creased and prolonged the latter effect. Decrease in PE points to depression of the excitability of the central nervous system under the influence of CA .-- U. G. Gasanov BARD: 2/2 14

GAVRILOV, Nikolay Vasil'yevich; SKURIKHIN, Igor' Mikhaylovich; DZHANPOLADYAN, L.M., retsenzent; KHOROSHILOV, F.N., retsenzent; KRUGLOVA, G.I., red.; KISINA, Ye.I., tekhn. red.

[Brandy industry] Kon'iachnoe proizvodstvo. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1959, 78 p. (MIRA 14:7)